	Final Question Bank	Subject	English
Kingdom of Saudi Arabia Ministry of Education	First Term	Stage	Intermediate
General Administration of Education,	Veer 1445 U/ 2022 2024	Grade	7 [™]
Jeddah Region	Year 1445 H/ 2023-2024	Term	First
Al Bayan Model School	میں بر ایک	Teachers	T. Badriya T. Heba T. Ayesha

Question 1: (Multiple Choices):

For the questions from (1) to (92), in the answer sheet, shade the circle which represents the correct choice for every question.

		<u>SG1</u>	<u>-UNIT 3</u> :	
1.	l use a	to add numbe	ers.	
	(A) calculator	(B) car	(C) airplane	(D) diamond
2.	She takes photo	graphs with a	L•	
	(A) headphones	(B) key	(C) camera	(D) lamp
3.	He watches mov	/ies on a	•	
	(A) pencil	(B) laptop	(C) meteor	(D) headphones
4.	I ride a	•		
	(A) bike	(B) airplane	(C) radio	(D) computer
5.	The baby wants	a		
	(A) laptop	(B) television	(C) bad	(D) toy
6.	This is w	ashing machine.		
	(A) a	(B) with	(C) an	(D) an a
7.	This is ra	adio.	L	
	(A) an a	(B) with	(C) an	(D) a
8.	This is ai	irplane.		
	(A) an a	(B) with	(C) an	(D) a

		SG1	-UNIT 4:			
9.	Tokyo is the ca	pital of				
	(A) Japan	(B) Spain	(C) Egypt	(D) Italy		
10.	Cairo is the cap	ital of				
	(A) Japan	(B) Spain	(C) Egypt	(D) Italy		
11.	is th	ne capital of France	•			
	(A) Cairo	(B) Tokyo	(C) Jeddah	(D) Paris		
12.	They Frenc	h. They are Canadia	an.			
	(A) is not	(B) are not	(C) is	(D) are		
13.	Paul: Are you f	rom Canada? Ed: Ye	es, I			
	(A) am	(B) is	(C) are	(D) were		
14.	Tom: Is Sylvia from Brazil? Dan: No, she					
	(A) are	(B) are not	(C) is	(D) is not		
15.	repeat	that, please?				
	(A) Can you	(B) Can you	(C) You will	(D) Will		
16.	help yo	u.				
	(A) I will	(B) Can I	(C) Will	(D) Will I		
	SG1-UNIT 5:					
17.	My father's fat	her is my				
	(A) grandfather	(B) uncle	(C) aunt	(D) son		
18.	My mother's si	ster is my	_•	I		
	(A) uncle	(B) grandfather	(C) aunt	(D) son		
19.	My aunt's son i	is my	1			
	(A) uncle	(B) grandfather	(C) son	(D) cousin		
20.	Joe doesn't hav	/e two sisters. He _	two brothers.			
	(A) has	(B) have	(C) are	(D) were		

			_a parrot.			
	(A) are	(B) have	(C) has	(D) were		
22.	Adel: Do you have grandchildren? Mrs. Jones: No, I					
	(A) do not	(B) do	(C) does not	(D) does		
23.	Mike: friends do you have? Tom: I have a lot of friends.					
	(A) Who	(B) Any	(C) A lot of	(D) How many		
24.	There are two _	in the sal	ad.	L		
	(A) tomatoes	(B) tomatos	(C) tomatoess	(D) tomatoo		
25.	He has very big	·				
	(A) feets	(B) feet	(C) foott	(D) feetes		
26.	Where are my t	wo?]	I		
	(A) keyes	(B) key	(C) keis	(D) keys		
	4 Grammar:					
	Ch	apter 2: Parts of	Speech Overvi	ew		
27.	The <u>personal</u> pro	noun in this sentence i	s: The parrot might	speak for you.		
	(A) parrot	(B) speak	(C) for	(D) you		
28.	The <u>personal</u> pro food.	noun in this sentence i	s: Cesar said he like	ed that kind of		
	(A) he	(B) Cesar	(C) liked	(D) said		
29.		noun in this sentence i	s: The principal wil l	be speaking to		
	us today. (A) principal	(B) will	(C) speaking	(D) us		
30.		noun in this sentence i				
	(A) Justin	(B) me	(C) book	(D) thanked		
31.	The <u>adjectives</u> in and yellow.	this sentence are: The	flowers in the from	t yard are purple		
	(A) flowers	(B) and (C) fron	t (D) front, p	urple, yellow		
32.		this sentence are: Twe		· ·		
	car.		1			
	(A) into	(B) clowns	(C) twelve, tiny	(D) squeezed		

33.	The <u>adjectives</u> in this sentence are: Many fires are caused by careless campers.						
	(A) caused	(B) many, careless	(C) fires	(D) are			
34.	The <u>adjective</u> i	n this sentence is: The o	ld car may not m	nake the trip.			
	(A) car	(B) trip	(C) may	(D) old			
	(Chapter 3: Parts o	f Speech Ove	erview			
35.	The <u>verb</u> in this	sentence is: We all jur	ped about three	e feet into the air.			
	(A) we	(B) three	(C) jumped	(D) air			
36.	The <u>verb</u> in this	sentence is: I saw hund	reds of alligator	rs in Florida.			
	(A) saw	(B) alligators	(C) Florida	(D) in			
37.	The <u>verb</u> in this	sentence is: Is that allig	gator hungry?				
	(A) alligator	(B) that	(C) hungry	(D) IS			
38.	The <u>verb</u> in this	sentence is: Look at th	at beautiful rive	r!			
	(A) at	(B) Look	(C) river	(D) beautiful			
39.	The <u>main verb</u>	in this sentence is: My g	randfather has t	raveled to Europe.			
	(A) my	(B) has	(C) traveled	(D) Europe			
	The helping verb in this sentence is: Those children are wearing their seat						
40.	belts.						
	(A) seat	(B) are	(C) children	(D) wearing			
41.	The <u>main verb</u>	in this sentence is: Whic	h way did he ru	n?			
	(A) way	(B) did	(C) run	(D) he			
42	The <u>helping</u> ver	b in this sentence is: The	cat should not l	be sitting on the			
42.	counter.		_				
	(A) cat	(B) should be	(C) sitting	(D) counter			
43.	The <u>adverb</u> in the book.	his sentence is: Stuart L i	ttle has always l	been my favorite			
	(A) always	(B) Stuart	(C) book	(D) my			
44.	-	his sentence is: The boo		·			
	(A) finish	(B) book	(C) entirely	(D) day			
45.	The <u>adverb</u> in t	his sentence is: George	quietly asked the	e librarian for help.			
	(A) quietly	(B) George	(C) asked	(D) help			
		Page 4 o	f 19				

46.	The <u>adverb</u> in this	sentence is: I finally fi	nished the report.			
	(A) report	(B) finished	(C) I	(D) finally		
47.	The preposition in this sentence is: The cat jumped behind the bed.					
	(A) cat	(B) the	(C) behind	(D) bed		
48.	The <u>preposition</u> i	n this sentence is: Sara	put the magazines	s on the sofa.		
	(A) on	(B) magazines	(C) Sara	(D) sofa		
49.	The <u>preposition</u> i Tamika.	n this sentence is: The l	ball landed betwee	en Jennifer and		
	(A) ball	(B) landed	(C) between	(D) Jennifer		
50.	The <u>preposition</u> i 1804.	n this sentence is: Lewi	s and Clark began	their journey in		
	(A) Clark	(B) began	(C) their	(D) in		
51.	The <u>conjunction</u>	in this sentence is: Afric	a and Asia have m	any kinds of		
51.	butterflies.					
	(A) and	(B) kinds	(C) have	(D) Africa		
52.	The <u>conjunction</u> in butterflies' ener	in this sentence is: Othe nies.	er insects and birds	s are among		
	(A) birds	(B) are	(C) and	(D) butterflies		
53.	The conjunction	in this sentence is: Butt	erflies live almost	everywhere, but		
	tropical rain forests have the most different kinds.					
	(A) Butterflies	(B) live	(C) rain	(D) but		
54.		in this sentence is: Ther	e are between 15,0	000 and 20,000		
	species of butter					
	(A) and	(B) are	(C) there	(D) between		
55.	(A) you	n this sentence is: Aha!	(C) Aha!	(D) are		
56.		n this sentence is: Oh, i				
50.	(A) stubbed	(B) Oh, no!	(C) same	(D) I		
		n this sentence is: Our	. ,			
57.	Hooray!			. ,		
	(A) team	(B) to	(C) Hooray	(D) made		
58.	The Interjection i	n this sentence is: Hey!	That is a stop sign	, not a yield sign!		
	(A) Hey!	(B) sign	(C) stop	(D) not		
		Page 5 of 1	9			

	Ch	apter 4: The Ph	rase and the Cl	ause			
59. Identify the underlined word in the sentence: with long white curtain							
	(A) noun	(B) verb	(C) adverb	(D) phrase			
60.	60. Identify the underlined word in the sentence: had been swimming						
	(A) phrase	(B) noun	(C) adverb	(D) verb			
61.	Identify the unde	rlined word in the se	ntence: <mark>under the ca</mark>	<u>ar</u>			
	(A) noun	(B) phrase	(C) adverb	(D) verb			
62.	Identify the unde	rlined word in the se	ntence: <mark>in the middl</mark>	<u>e</u>			
	(A) noun	(B) adverb	(C) phrase	(D) verb			
		NG					
63.	Choose the correct spelling						
	(A) papper	(B) papar	(C) paper	(D) baber			
64.	Unscramble the words: b/a / i/ h/ t/ s						
	(A) habits	(B) biatsh	(C) thaibs	(D) htaibs			
65.	Choose the co	orrect spelling					
	(A) oclth	(B) colth	(C) cltho	(D) cloth			
^{66.} Unscramble the words: o/ n/ d/ s/ u							
	(A) sdoun	(B) onsud	(C) sound	(D) dsuon			
67.	Choose the correct spelling						
	(A) compwter	(B) computer	(C) kamputar	(D) compiter			
68.	Choose the co	Choose the correct spelling					
	(A) pole	(B) pelo	(C) poel	(D) ploe			
69.	Choose the correct spelling						
	(A) childrun	(B) childron	(C) cildren	(D) children			
70.	Choose the corr	ect spelling		1			
	(A) mammals	(B) mammils	(C) mammels	(D) mamulls			
71.	Unscramble the	words: m/y/f/l/i/	а	-			
	(A) fymila	(B) famyli	(C) family	(D) fimaly			
72.	Unscramble the	words: c/l/i/s/a/e	e/p				
	(A) special	(B) cilpeas	(C) saeplic	(D) speliac			

73.	Fill in the missing	g letter: sleee		
	(A) k	(B) o	(C) v	(D) I
74.	Fill in the missing	gletter: clth	1	
	(A) v	(B) t	(C) c	(D) o
75.	Fill in the missing	g letter: paer		
	(A) w	(B) p	(C) c	(D) d
76.	Fill in the missing	gletter: ustream	1	1
	(A) w	(B) d	(C) b	(D) p
77.	Fill in the missing	gletter: sput	1	<u>'</u>
	(A) g	(B) o	(C) c	(D) j
78.	Fill in the missing	gletter:indsock	C	
	(A) g	(B) v	(C) w	(D) j
79.	Fill in the missing	gletter: seeve	-	
	(A) I	(B) p	(C) c	(D) j
80.	Fill in the missing	gletter: pd		
	(A) e	(B) q	(C) f	(D) o
81.	Fill in the missing	gletter: schl	-	
	(A) uu	(B) oo	(C) ss	(D) ee
82.	Fill in the missing	gletter: r_gion	1	
	(A) e	(B) o	(C) s	(D) u
83.	Fill in the missing	gletter: scuts		
	(A) s	(B) e	(C) o	(D) u
84.	Fill in the missing	gletters:arine	1	<u>.</u>
	(A) y	(B) u	(C) f	(D) m
11	1	1	1	
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	+VOC	CAB	JLARY			
85.	We wear		in our hair t	o keep	hair falling c	out on our eyes.
	(A) earrings		(B) clothes	(C)	headbands	(D) resting
86.	Α	indic	ates the direction	on and s	peed of wir	nd.
	(A) windsock		(B) wind	(C)	sock	(D) waterfall
87.	There are m	nany c	lifferent species	s of	anim	nals.
	(A) transmiss	ion	(B) competition	(C)	expert	(D) marine
88.	Niagara wa	terfal	s are the most l	beautifu	ul	in the world.
	(A) marker		(B) waterfall	(C)	upstream	(D) craft
89.	The girls	(confidently in th	ne speal	king compet	ition.
	(A) ancient		(B) mammals	(C)	concluded	(D) spout
90.	My friend is organization		king as a	under t	he Scout As	sociation
	(A) marine		(B) spout	(C)	scout	(D) concluded
91.	A baby wha	le has				
	(A) pod		(B) scout	(C)	spout	(D) marine
92.	F	oens a	re used in craft	activiti	es. 💕	
	(A) Upstream		(B) waterfalls	(C) Boa	ard markers	(D) Felt-tip
Fo 1.	rm senter	nces	for the give	en wo	<u>rds:</u>	
2.	headband					
3.	felt-tip					
4.	waterfall					
5.	habits					
			Page	e 8 of 19		

Match the word with its m	neaning:
Column (1)	Column (2)
1) upstream	(A) indicates the direction and speed of wind.
2) windsock	(B) motivate
3) felt- tip	(C) smallest
4) waterfall	(D) show
5) headband	(E) youngest
6) oldest #	(F) going up or against the flow of water
7) largest #	(G) marker
8) display	(H) a ring of material that encircles the head
9) inspire	(I) a natural fall of water from a height
10) scout	(J) tie
11) marine	(K) talk freely
12) spout	(L) to take place
13) concluded	(M) things related to the sea
14) pod	(N) not filled
15) habits	(O) to come to an end
16) orphan	(P) group
17) school	(Q) hasten
18) mammals	(R) a person sent to get information
	(S) a class of animal
	(T) a child who has lost his parents
	(U) a place for teaching children
	(V) something done usually

Match to form complete sentence

Column (1)	Column (2)
1) We wear headbands in our hair	(A) beautiful waterfall in the world.
2) A windsock indicates	(B) used in drawing.
3) Felt-tip pens are	(C) the direction and speed of wind.
4) Niagara waterfalls are the most	(D) to keep hair falling out on our eyes.
5) Salmon swims upstream	(E) for our activity day.
6) The judge concluded	(F) to lay their eggs.
7) There are many different	(G) under the Scout Association Organization
8) My friend is working as a scout	(H) that she was guilty.
9) The baby whale joined	(I) types of marine animals
10) The girls spout confidently	(J) in the speaking competition
	(K) a pod of whales.

Column (1)	Column (2)	
1)	(A) spout	
2)	(B) windsock	
3)	(C) felt- tip	
4)	(D) piece	
5)	(E) conclude	
6)	(F) pod	
7)	(G) pole	
8)	(H) headband	
9)	(I) waterfall	
10)	(J) marine	
11)	(K) children	
	(L) family	

Comprehension

Use the information in the passage to answer the questions below.

A special thing of Children's Day in Japan is the koinobori that families display in their yards - one for each child in the family. A tall pole is placed in the garden. Fish made of fabric are attached to the pole. Each fish has a hoop in its mouth to catch the wind. The largest fish is for the oldest child, and the smallest is for the youngest. These fish represent a kind of carp known as a strong fighter.

These carp battle their way against strong currents. When the koinobori dance in the wind, they remind the children of carp leaping up a waterfall. You can make your own koinobori and fly it from a pole or hang it from your window on that day, so that, you can share Children's Day with the boys and girls of Japan.

You can make your own koinobori and fly it from a pole or hang it from your window on May 5. In that way, you can share Children's Day with the boys and girls of Japan. You need an 18- by 30-inch piece of lightweight cloth (cotton, rayon, or nylon), felt-tip markers, a needle and thread, scissors, a narrow plastic headband, and string. First, choose a piece of cloth with a bright, colorful pattern or decorate it yourself with felt-tip markers. Next fold it. Then, tie a 12-inch-long piece of string to the headband at each of the three openings.

Finally, hang your windsock from the strings on a tree limb, a clothes pole, or the eaves of your house. On windy days, it will dance like a carp swimming upstream against a waterfall!

From Questions below shade in the letter T if the statement is True or F if the statement is False, for every question.

1. The largest fish is for the oldest child, and the smallest is for the youngest.	Т	F
2. You can make your own koinobori and fly it from a pole or hang it from your window on May 8.	т	F
3. The koinobori is made from plastic.	Т	F
4. We may predict that the "fabric sleeve" will be used for the face of the fish.	Т	F
5. Holidays are special for families to gather and celebrate.	Т	F
6. Making cards and planning a picnic are two holiday activities.	Т	F
7. A special feature of Children's Day in Japan is the koinobori.	Т	F
8. Carp made of cloth or strong paper is attached to the pole.	Т	F
9. Each fish has a cloth in its mouth to catch the wind.	Т	F
10. These fish represent a kind of carp known as a strong fighter.	Т	F
11. The largest fish is for the youngest child.	т	F
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COMPREHENSION PASSAGE:

A special thing of Children's Day in Japan is the koinobori that families display in their yards - one for each child in the family. A tall pole is placed in the garden. Fish made of fabric are attached to the pole. Each fish has a hoop in its mouth to catch the wind. The largest fish is for the oldest child, and the smallest is for the youngest. These fish represent a kind of carp known as a strong fighter.

These carp battle their way against strong currents. When the koinobori dance in the wind, they remind the children of carp leaping up a waterfall. You can make your own koinobori and fly it from a pole or hang it from your window on that day, so that, you can share Children's Day with the boys and girls of Japan.

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Finally, hang your windsock from the strings on a tree limb, a clothes pole, or the eaves of your house. On windy days, it will dance like a carp swimming upstream against a waterfall!

	NSION							
A special feature of	f Children	's Day in J	lapa	n is the	9	•		
(A) Koinobori	(B) you	(B) youngest baby			(C) carp		(D) upstream	
What do these fish	represen	t?						
(A) family	(B) carp	(B) carp			(C) koinobori		(D) garden	
How can you share	the Child	ren's Day	wit	h the b	oys and girls	of Ja	pan?	
(A) by making koinc	bori (B) by play		ayin	ying (C) by eating			(D) none	
Who is the largest fish for?								
(A) youngest child	(B) olde	(B) oldest child		C) both	1	(D)	none	
The opposite of – "	largest" is	5						
(A) fattest	(B) hard	(B) hardest		(C) smallest		(D) more large		
Give the synonym of	of <u>'display</u>	<u>''.</u>						
(A) to show (B) to play (C) to grow (D) to run				to run				
	 A special feature of (A) Koinobori What do these fish (A) family How can you share (A) by making koince Who is the largest f (A) youngest child The opposite of – " (A) fattest Give the synonym of 	(A) Koinobori (B) your What do these fish represent (A) family (B) carp (A) family (B) carp How can you share the Child (A) by making koinobori Who is the largest fish for? (A) youngest child (B) olde The opposite of - "largest" is (A) fattest (B) hard Give the synonym of 'display	A special feature of Children's Day in J (A) Koinobori (B) youngest bab What do these fish represent? (A) family (B) carp How can you share the Children's Day (A) by making koinobori (B) by pl Who is the largest fish for? (A) youngest child (B) oldest child The opposite of – "largest" is (A) fattest (B) hardest Give the synonym of 'display'.	A special feature of Children's Day in Japa (A) Koinobori (B) youngest baby What do these fish represent? (A) family (B) carp How can you share the Children's Day with (A) by making koinobori (B) by playing Who is the largest fish for? (A) youngest child (B) oldest child (A) fattest (B) hardest (C) Give the synonym of 'display'.	A special feature of Children's Day in Japan is the (A) Koinobori (B) youngest baby (C) car What do these fish represent? (A) family (B) carp (C) kor How can you share the Children's Day with the b (A) by making koinobori (B) by playing Who is the largest fish for? (A) youngest child (B) oldest child (C) both The opposite of – "largest" is (A) fattest (B) hardest (C) smalles	A special feature of Children's Day in Japan is the	A special feature of Children's Day in Japan is the (A) Koinobori (B) youngest baby (C) carp (D) What do these fish represent? (C) koinobori (D) (A) family (B) carp (C) koinobori (D) How can you share the Children's Day with the boys and girls of Ja (A) by making koinobori (B) by playing (C) by eating (A) youngest child (B) oldest child (C) both (D) The opposite of – "largest" is (A) fattest (B) hardest (C) smallest (D) Give the synonym of 'display'. (C) smallest (D)	

8. Fis (A) 9. Ch) pole	(B) small abric are attached	(C) youngest			
9. Ch) pole	abric are attached	(c) youngest	(D) biggest		
_{9.} Ch	-		d to the			
		(B) garden	(C) hoop	(D) carp	(D) carp	
(A)	loose a piece	of wit	h a bright, colourful pat	tern or decorate it.		
) cloth	(B) thread	(C) marker	(D) headband		
10. Ea	ch fish has a	in its	mouth to catch the win	ıd.		
(A)) paper	(B) hoop	(C) child	(D) koinobori	(D) koinobori	
11. Or	n windy days	s, it will dance like	e a crap swimming upst	ream against a	!	
(A)) whale	(B) apple	(C) waterfall	(D) star fish		
12. Ch	ildren's Day	in Japan is celeb	rated on	I		
(A)) May 15	(B) June 5	(C) May 5	(D) March 5	(D) March 5	
13. Yo	You can make your own and fly it from a pole.					
(A)) headband	(B) carp	(C) T. V	(D) Koinobori		
14. W	e need need	le and thread	•			
(A)) to swim	(B) to make your koinobori	own (C) to play	(D) to jun	np	
15.			k from the strings on a t	ree limb, a clothes pol	e,	
or	the eaves o	f your house.				
(A)) fold	(B) tie	(C) hang	(D) place	d	

COMPREHENSION PASSAGE

The group, students of history teacher Kaye Denison, spent most of Thursday morning on the Internet, checking reports on the whale's progress. Having followed J.J. for so long, the eleven and twelve-year-old have put some thought into why—beyond scientific reasons—saving her life and studying her is important.

They have concluded that even if animals and mammals don't love human beings, it's natural for humans to love them. At their school, the kids care for frogs, snakes, a chameleon, a skunk, an iguana, fish, and water turtles. They are sure the animals are indifferent toward them, but it doesn't stop them from liking the creatures. "I heard on the news that you're not lonely and your life is not so stressful with animals in it, and I think it's true," said Sean Kingsmill, twelve.

From Questions <u>below</u> shade in the letter $\widehat{\mathbb{T}}$ if the statement is True or $\widehat{\mathbb{F}}$ if the statement is False, for every question.

1. Kaye Denison is the students' history teacher.	т	F
2. They spend Thursday morning checking reports on the whale's progress.	т	F
3. The kids care for tigers, lions and snakes.	т	F
4. Animals and mammals don't love human beings.	т	F
5. You're not lonely and your life is not so stressful with animals in it	т	F
6. " <u>I</u> heard on the news…". The pronoun I refers to J.J.	т	F

COMPREHENSION PASSAGE

Learning about the whale has been fun for the students. <u>They</u> know that J.J weighs more than 17,000 pounds, is 29 feet long and gains two pounds every hour. Killer whales are natural enemies of gray whales. While adults eat plankton, J.J existed mostly on a mixture of milk, powdered fish and warm cream passed through a tube into her stomach.

From Questions <u>below</u> shade in the letter $\widehat{\mathbb{T}}$ if the statement is True or $\widehat{\mathbb{F}}$ if the statement is False, for every question.

1. The students enjoyed learning about the whale.	Т	F
2. J.J weighs more than 10,000 pounds.	т	F
3. J.J is 29 feet long.	т	F
4. Killer whales are natural enemies of gray whales.	т	F
5. J.J eats plankton.	т	F
6. <u>"They</u> know that J.J weighs". The pronoun 'they' refer to the students.	Т	F

COMPREHENSION PASSAGE

It is largely affection for the baby whale that keeps them interested in her plight. They sympathized with J. J.'s orphan hood and her efforts to learn survival skills. When she was released, the group felt bad for the whale's disappointed handlers, who said J. J. did not make her typical sound of gratitude before swimming away. But they believe J. J. will miss her handlers after a while.

From Questions <u>below</u> shade in the letter $\widehat{\mathbb{T}}$ if the statement is True or $\widehat{\mathbb{F}}$ if the statement is False, for every question.

2. They sympathized with J. J.'s orphan hood and her efforts to learn survival skills.	F
	1
3. J.J did not make her typical sound of gratitude before swimming away.	F
4. J.J did not learn survival skill.T	F
5. When she was released, the group felt happy for the whale's disappointed handlers.	F
6. J.J will not miss them at all.T	F

Note: You will have unseen reading passages in the exam too.

ملاحظه: يوجد قطعه قراءه من خارج الكتاب

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<u>Question 4: (Composition)</u> (40 WORDS)
(1) <u>NARRATIVE PARAGRAPH</u> Write a narrative paragraph of a valuable experience you had in the zoo.
Helping Box: I - decided - zoo - animals - reptiles - cages - trees - chirping - snakes - pleasant - experience
(2) DESCRIPTIVE PARAGRAPH
Write a descriptive paragraph on the person whom you love the most or a thing, which you like the most.
Helping Box: like - good-looking - bright - voice - hair - eyes - behaved - studies - activities - friend - years - express - point of view - laugh - gift
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(3) <u>CAUSE-AND-EFFEC</u> <u>Write a cause and effect</u>	T WRITING paragraph based on the organizer	<u>.</u>
A river overflows due to heavy rain.	Houses along the river banks are flooded.	People are waiting for rescue.
Helping Box: as a r	esult - save - now - then - river	- rain - heavy - town
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(4) <u>"HOW-TO" PAPER WRITING</u> <u>Rewrite the instructions, adding specific language</u> .					
Specific Language					
Numbers	110 (1/2) ounce, 1 can, 7 minutes				
Descriptive words	condensed, medium sized, long-handled				
Exact verbs	combine, simmer, stir, remove, serve				
Comparisons					
Transitions	First, then, when done/finally				
	Steps to make <u>"A Can of Soup</u> "				
Gather supplies	Combine soup + Ladle the soup Serve hot				
*******	**************************************				
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